

Creating the Golden Record Better Data through Chemistry

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Agenda

- The Golden Record
- Master Data
 - Discovery
 - Integration
 - Quality
- Master Data Strategy



DAMA – LinkedIn Group

C. Lwanga Yonke

- Information Quality Practitioner
- to determine the ideal sequence in which applications should be developed and implemented: "Develop the applications that create data before those that need to use that data" (p.10).

Architecture Advocates

William Smith

Entity Lifecycle

Clive Finkelstein

Information Engineering – CRUD

Ron Ross

- Resource Life Cycle Analysis



CRUD in a Perfect World

Entity Process	Customer	Customer Order	Customer Account	Customer Invoice	Vendor Invoice	Produc
Receive Customer Order	R	С	CR			
Process Customer Order	CRU		RU			R
Maintain Customer Order	U		U		RU	
Terminate CustomerAccount	U		V		RU	
Fill CustomerOrder	RU		RU			RU
Ship Customer Order			U		С	
Validate Vendor Invoices					R	
Pay Vendor Invoices					RU	
Invoice Customer	RU		RU	С		
Maintain Inventory						CRUD

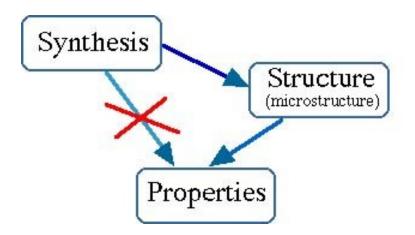


Canonical Synthesis

Broadly speaking, materials scientists investigate two types of phenomena. Both are based on the microstructures of materials:

...

ii. How do these microstructures influence the properties of the material (such as strength, electrical conductivity, or high frequency electromagnetic absorption)?



http://www.its.caltech.edu/~matsci/WhatIs2.html



Business VS Development Life Cycles

Zachman Framework for Enterprise Architecture

	WHAT	HOM .	WHERE	MHO	WHEN	ME
CONTEXTUAL Scope	List of things	List of Processes	List of Locations	List of Organization Units	List of Events	List of Business Goals/Stat.
CONCEPTUAL Business Model	Rusiness Entity Model	Business Process Model	Logistics Network	Work Flow Model	Master Schedule	Business Plan
LOGICAL System Model	Logical Data Model	Application Process Model	Svstem Network Model	Human Interface Paradigm	Processing Structure	Business Rule Model
PHYSICAL Technology Model	Physical Data Model	Application Structure Chart	Network echnology Model	Presentation Architecture	Control Structure	Rule Design
OUT-OF- CONTEXT Components	Da a Defination	Program	Net York Components	Interface Components	Timina Definition	Rule Specification
PRODUCT Functioning System	DATABASE	APPLICATION	NETWORK	ORGANIZATION	SCHEDULE	STRATEGY



Tibetan Proverb

水头不清水尾浑

" If upstream is dirty, downstream will be muddy"



Data Warehousing - ETL





Transmutation



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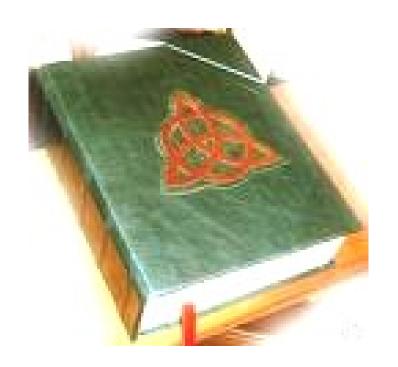
The Secret

Bernard Trevisan, a 15th century alchemist, spent much of his life and a sizable fortune in search of the secret of turning base metals into gold, realized while dying was...

"To make gold, one must start with gold."



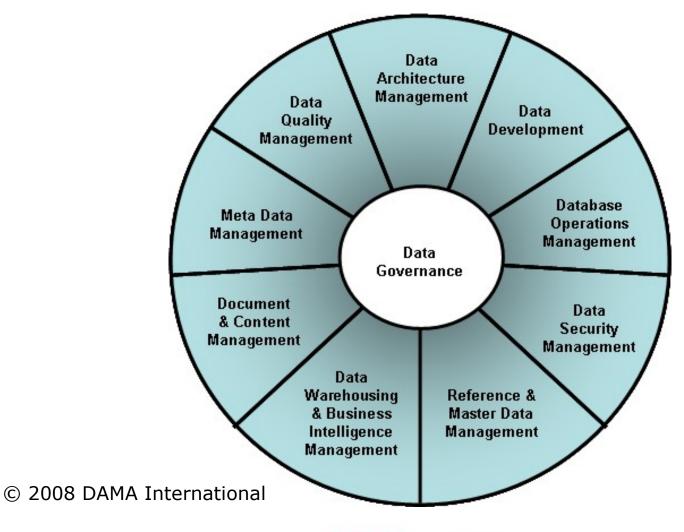
DAMA Guide to the Data Management Body of Knowledge



Reference and Master Data Management: Managing golden versions and replicas



Data Management Body of Knowledge





DAMA Dictionary

Reference Data

Any data used to categorize other data, or for relating data to information beyond the boundaries of the enterprise. See master data.

Master Data

Synonymous with reference data. The data that provides the context for transaction data. It includes the details (definitions and identifiers) of internal and external objects involved in business transactions. Includes data about customers, products, employees, vendors, and controlled domains (code values).



DAMA Dictionary

Master Data Management (MDM)

Processes that ensure that reference data is kept up to date and coordinated across an enterprise. The organization, management and distribution of corporately adjudicated data with widespread use in the organization.

Reference & Master Data Management

Ensuring consistency with a "golden version" of data values. One of nine data management functions identified in the DAMA-DMBOK Functional Framework.



Top 13 MDM buzzwords

1. Metadata (Don't say metadata)

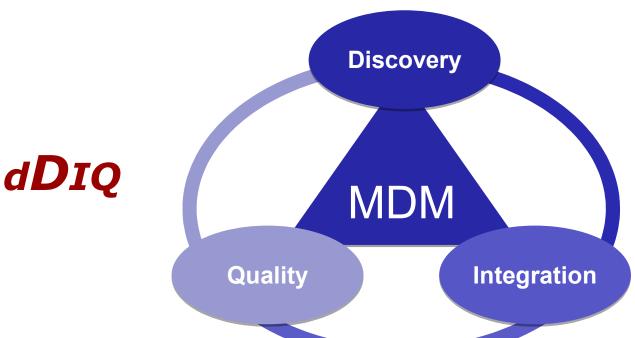
- 2. Product information management (PIM)
- 3. Enterprise master patient index (EMPI)
- 4. Data governance
- 5. Customer data integration (CDI)
- 6. MDM hub
- 7. MDM architecture
- 8. "Collaborative" vs. "analytical" MDM
- 9. MDM return on investment (ROI)
- 10. MDM stakeholders
- 11. Enterprise hierarchy management
- 12. MDM metrics
- 13. Data competency center

02 Jul 2009 | Justin Aucoin, Assistant Site Editor, searchdatamanagement.com



The Quest

Bloor Research: the discovery of relationships between data elements, regardless of where the data is stored



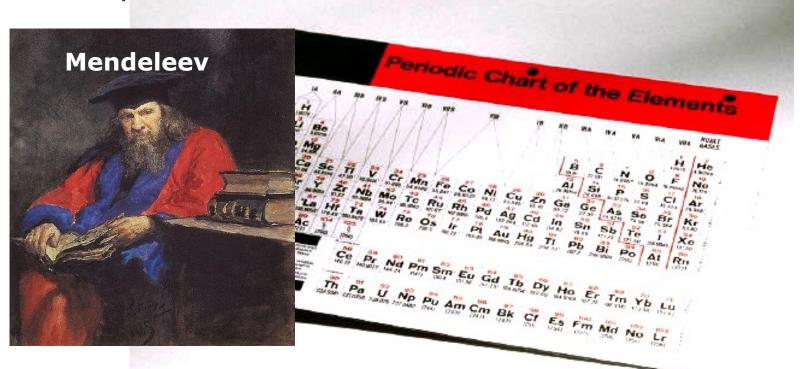
DAMA: The degree to which data is accurate, complete, timely, consistent with all requirements and business rules, and relevant for a given use.

DAMA: The planned and controlled transformation and flow of data across databases, for operational and/or analytical use.



Atomic Data of the Enterprise

Provide and maintain a consistent view of an enterprise's core business information assets

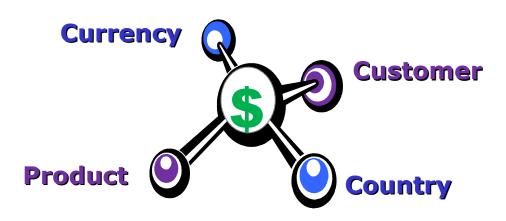


ALCHEMY VS. CHEMISTRY

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What is Master Data?

Point In Time



Transaction

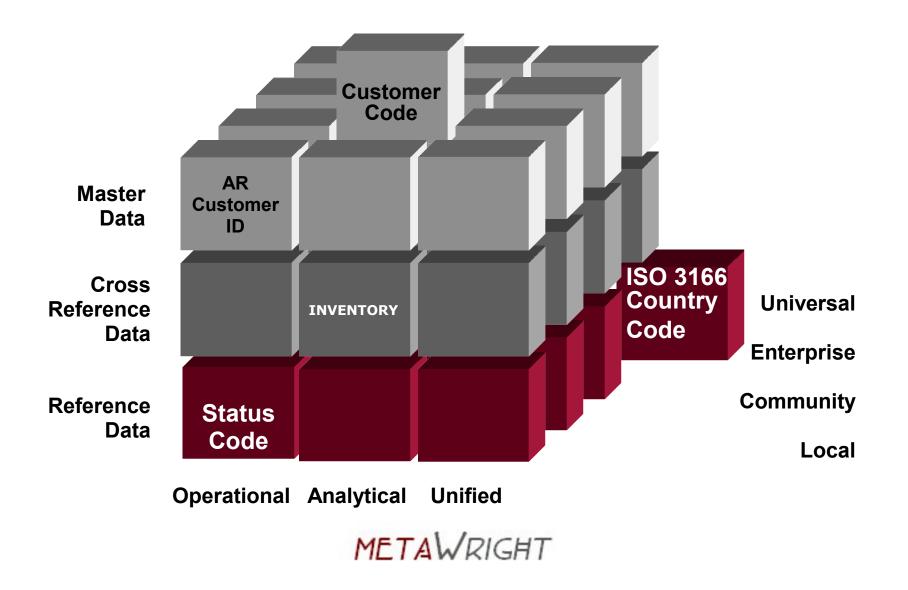
A Transaction is relationship of

Master Data + Reference Files

+ time stamp + volumes + secondary descriptors



Master Data - Classification



Master Data Types

Operational Master Data

Definition, creation, and synchronization of Master Data required for transactional systems and delivered via service-oriented architecture (SOA).

Analytical Master Data

Definition, creation, and integration, including multiple historical versions, of Master Data required for Enterprise Reporting or Data Warehousing applications.

Unified Master Data

Master Data that is defined and crated to apply to both Operational and Analytical applications. Implementation of the "single view of the truth". It requires achieving agreement on a complex topic among a group of people



Master Data Integration

Universal

Master Data that is created and maintained by an external organization. For reference data it is often developed by a standards organization such as the ISO. Master Data Models are often available to members of an industry trade or professional association

Enterprise

Master Data that represents the common business information assets that need to be agreed on and shared throughout the enterprise

Community

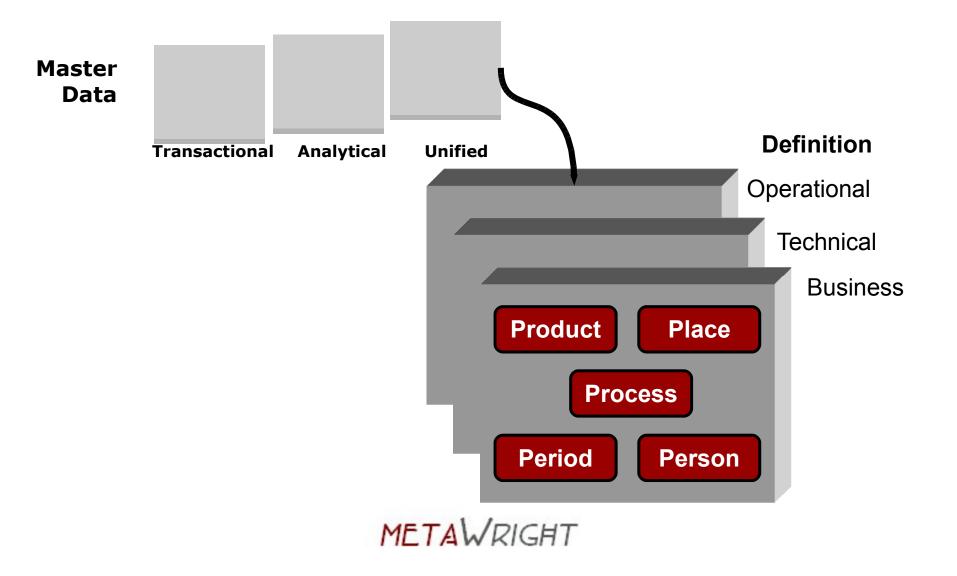
Master Data that is shared between two or more applications. Typically data is replicated from the application that contains the system of record for the Master Data, by federation (key linkage) or propagation (materialized views).

Local

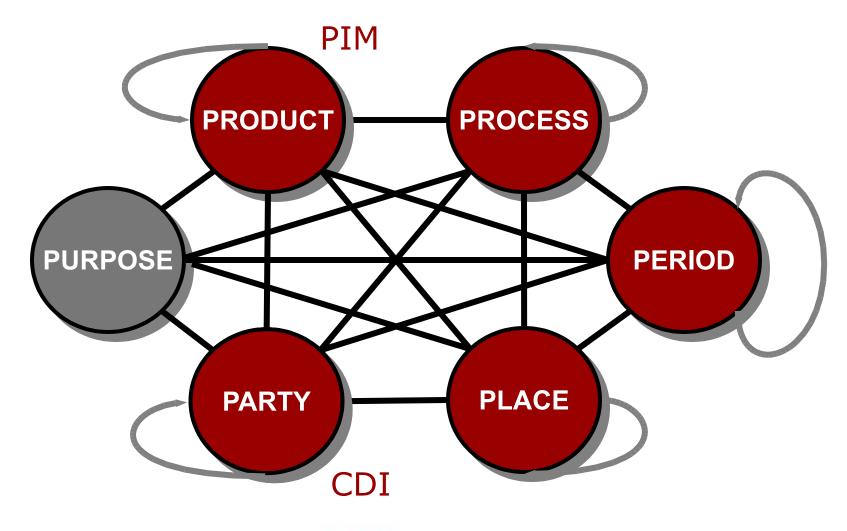
Master or Reference Data that is created and maintained for a single operational application. Much of the Reference Data will remain local, such as Status Codes, for the transactions within the application.



Master Data - Content

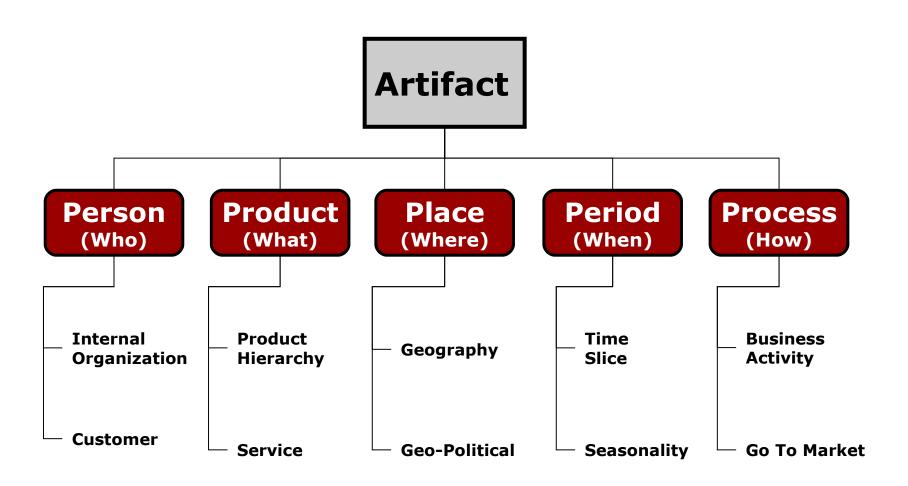


Atomic Primitives



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Master Data Classification





MDM – Integration Techniques

Data Propagation (Today)

Copies Master Data from one location to another (materialized view).

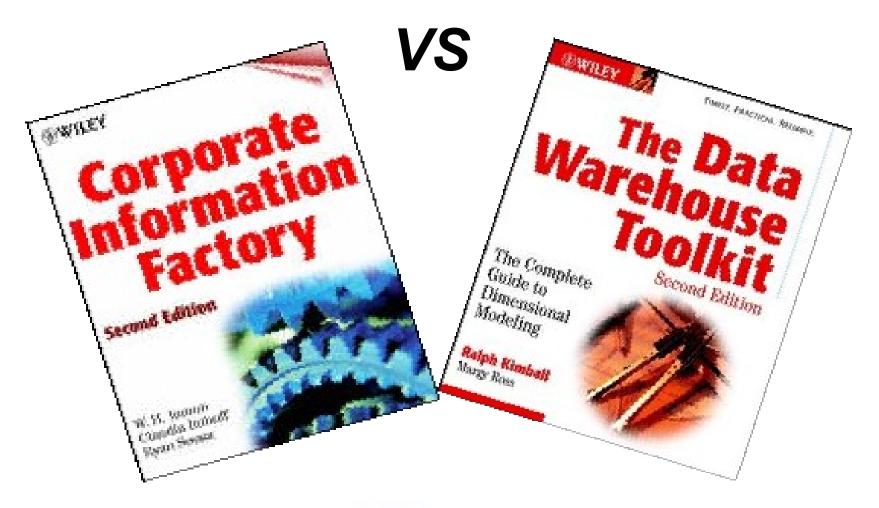
Data Consolidation

Captures data from multiple data sources and integrates into a single Master Data hub.

Data Federation

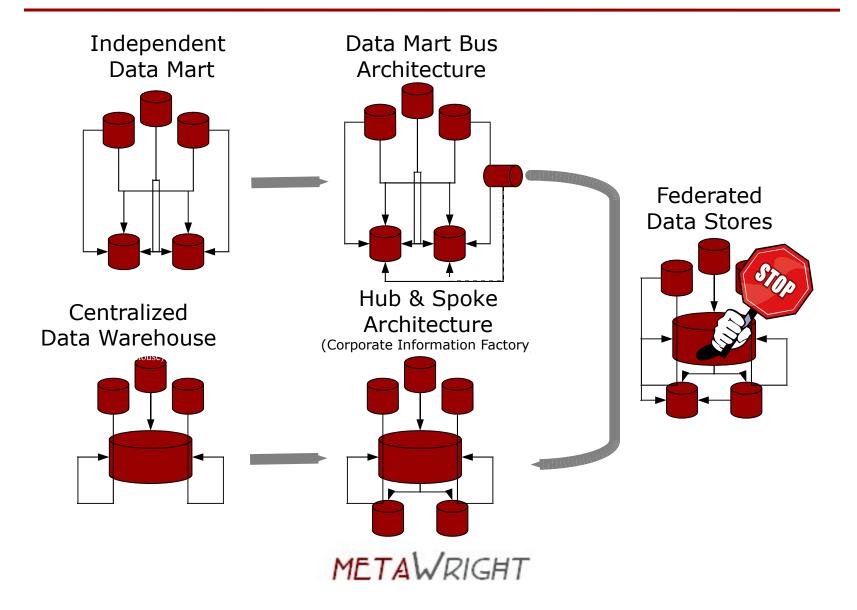
Provides a single virtual Master Data view of one or more data sources. No data is stored in the Master Data hub.





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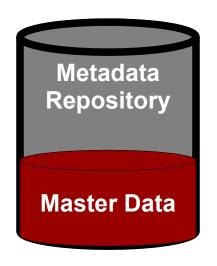
Architecture choices



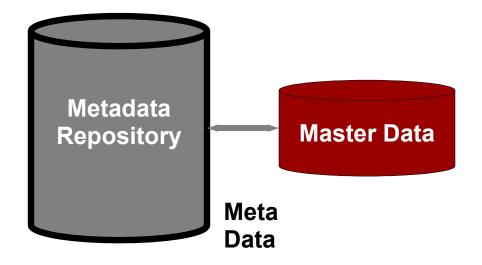
Metadata + Repository

Are master data files metadata? Need for central repository

Inside Metadata Repository



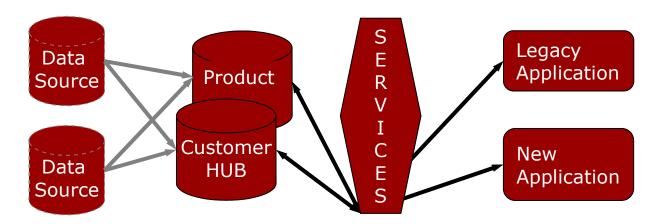
Outside Metadata Repository





Master Data Architecture – Repository

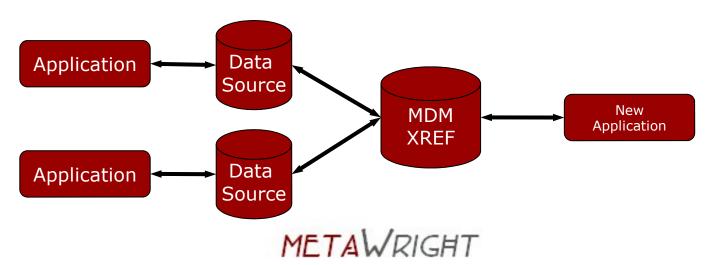
- Comprehensive, single source for Master Data
- Centrally managed, highly effective data governance
- Fixed data model typically Customer & Product
- Extensive and sophisticated data integration process
- All applications need to change to conform to Hubs
- Expensive to modify to new business requirements
- Hard to adapt to rapid changes





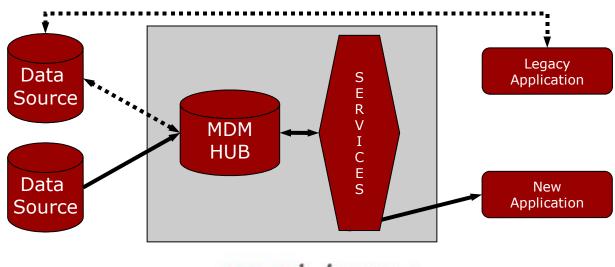
Master Data Architecture – Registry

- Linkages to other data stores with transform logic
- Low Cost, small footprint, only unique key kept in DB
- Minimal disruption of current applications
- Limited Data Governance, no merged Master Data
- No resolution of semantic disintegrity
- No History, System of Record linked to Data Source
- Query performance data availability from multiple sources



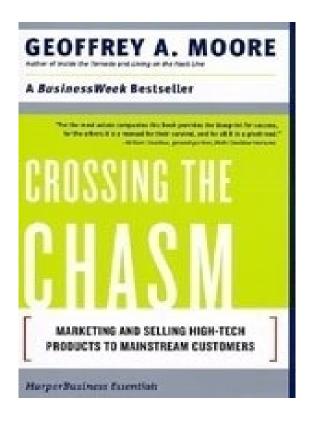
Master Data Architecture – Hybrid

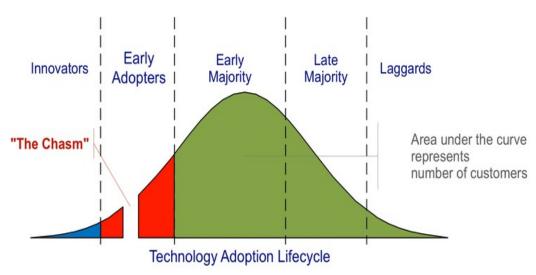
- Relatively low cost solution
- Extensible Data Model based on industry templates
- "Best we have" Master Data Model
- Generalized governance & maintenance facilities
- ETL to load HUB may be complex
- Data redundancy may lead to update conflicts and data latency issues





Technology Adoption







Product Life Cycle

1. Market introduction

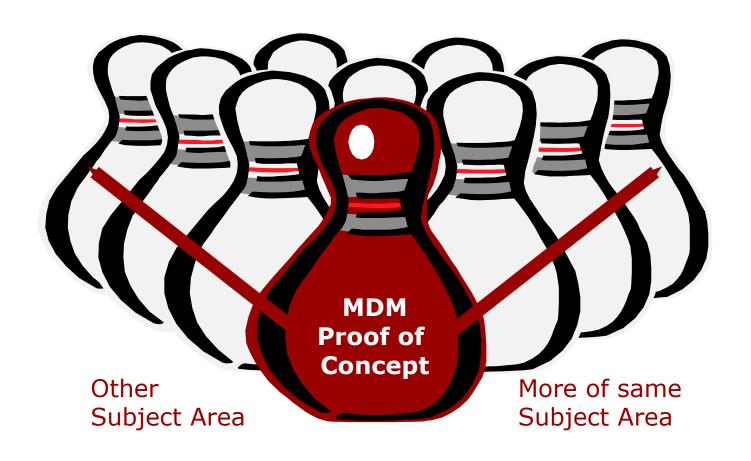
- Costs are high
- Slow sales volumes to start
- Demand has to be created
- Customers have to be prompted to try the product
- Makes no money at this stage

2. Growth

- Costs reduced due to economies of scale
- Sales volume increases significantly
- Public awareness increases
- Profitability begins to rise

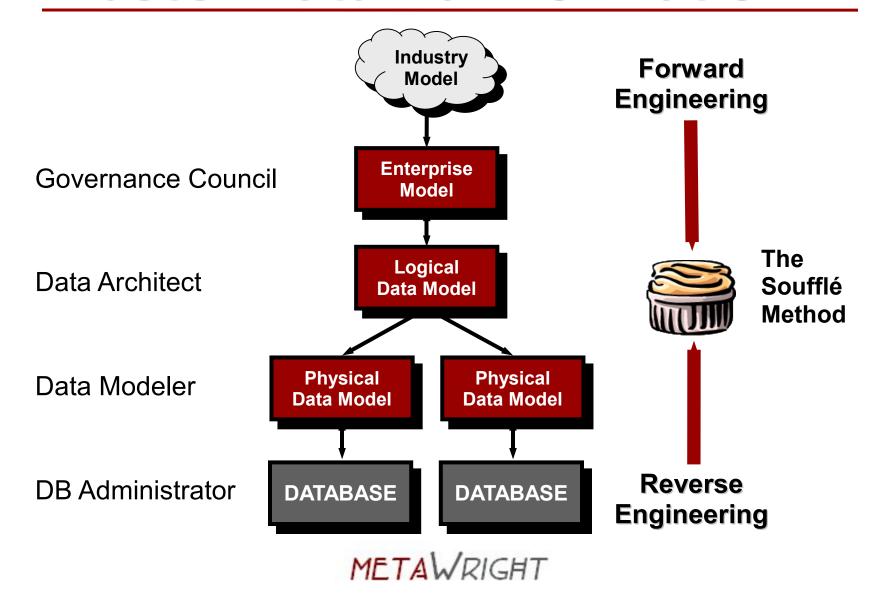


Market Strategy





Master Data Harmonization

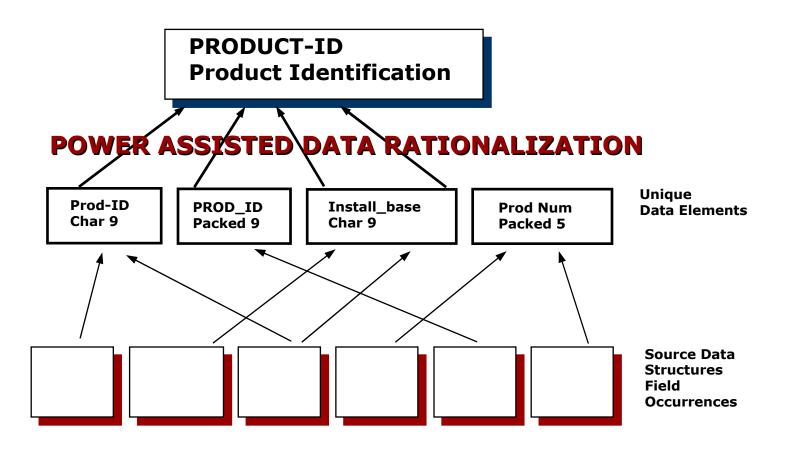


By any other name...





Subject Area Integration





Data Modeling vs Data Profiling

Data Modeling documents metadata or columns

Customer Name	Company	Address	Year Purchased	
Joe Smith	Komputers R Us	Germany	1970	
Mary Jones	Big Bank Co	10 Gulf Road	1999	
Proful Bishwal	Little Bank Inc	Manhattan	prospect	
Ming Lee	My Favorite Store	PO Box 987	10/31/1984	
Giovanni Petra	(*#&\$JKLJ	10 Main St	2000	

Data Profiling analyzes instance data or rows

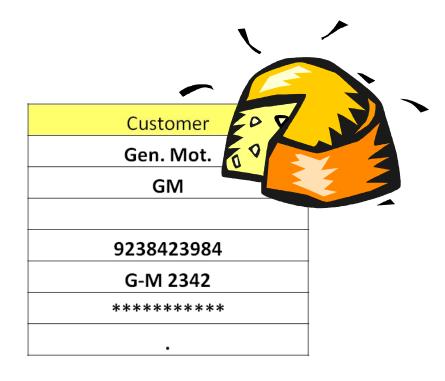


Traditional Meta-driven approach



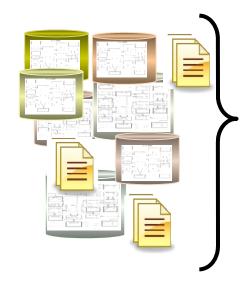
Data Architects

Design does not always match Reality!

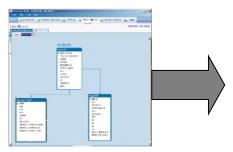




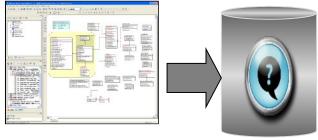
Data Discovery



Data Profiler



Data Modeler



- Profile data
- Discover primaryforeign keys
- Identify orphan rows
- Find overlapping columns

- Import inferred structures from Data Profiler
- Visualize information in an intuitive data model
- Integrate with other modeling efforts



Data Profiling – Match, Merge and Cleanse

Master Data Quality Analysis

Identify critical data elements

Review the cardinality, range, mode, and null rules

Review the value, pattern & length frequencies

Review parent-child relationships

Identify orphaned rows and values

Cross-System Analysis

Identify reference data overlap between data sources

Identify data content discrepancies between data sources

Validate mappings to MDM target

Master Data Error Types

Synonyms (False negatives) - two representations of the same entity are incorrectly defined as two separate entities



Appearing next month...

Why re-invent the wheel? that apply to well over 50 percent of most data model constructs and that can be reused. It is this 50 percent that I address in this presentation.

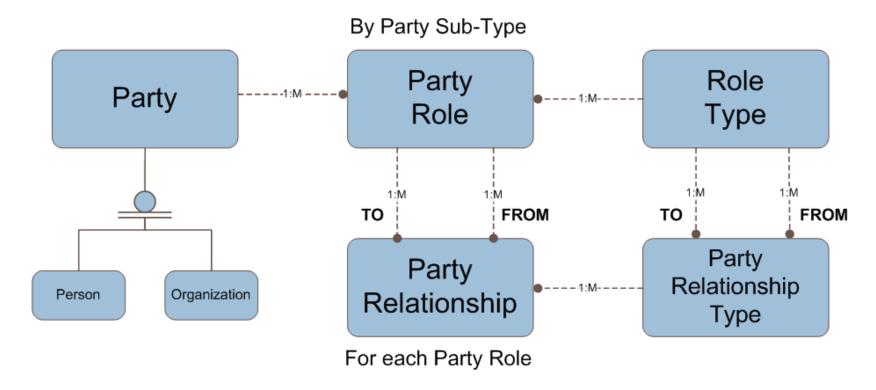
Paul Agnew, Universal Patterns, how they can help you build your data models

November 19, 2009



Universal Models

Basic Party - Role



The Data Model Resource Book: Len Silverston



Architecture Models

• Process based
Hierarchy mode

• Topical or subject based
Network model

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Data Governance

'The act or process of directing, leading and assuring that information is managed effectively as an enterprise resource, including resolving information conflicts, across the enterprise.'

Larry English



Data Governance – Building Trust in Data

People

Data Stewards

Data Architects

Data Modelers

Process

Data Security / Access

Data Quality Assurance

Master Data Management

Metadata Management

Enterprise Model Management



Data Quality Assurance

Data Stewardship Data Profiling/Cleansing System of Record – (Definition)

Data Model

Versioning
Change Management
Health and Welfare

System of Reference – (Lifecycle)

Workflow

Synchronization and Integration Business Rules and Standards External Referencing





You can't manage what you don't measure!

Scorecard - TDWI.org

Data Quality Dimensions	Completeness	Conformity	Accuracy	Consistency	Timeliness	Uniqueness	Redundancy	Duplication
Data Element List								
Obligor Identifier	100%	76%	94%	83%	95%	99%	97%	100%
Obligor Description	94%	85%	83%	96%	79%	99%	85%	86%
Agreement Identifier	80%	84%	84%	88%	87%	81%	79%	96%
Facility Default Grade	78%	76%	80%	77%	86%	95%	86%	87%
Obligor Default Grade	87%	90%	77%	97%	89%	87%	79%	94%
Probability of Default	100%	98%	93%	77%	75%	83%	96%	81%
Loss Given Default	87%	91%	83%	77%	86%	90%	97%	88%
Total Exposure Amount	79%	94%	90%	80%	76%	91%	89%	88%
Exepected Loss Amount	97%	95%	98%	91%	94%	97%	79%	83%
Maturity Date	88%	82%	92%	81%	81%	88%	96%	96%
Collateralized Exposure Amount	88%	100%	84%	96%	79%	92%	89%	84%
Collateral Acquire Date	88%	86%	82%	87%	95%	95%	81%	84%



Data Stewardship

- Difficult to assign, not process based
- Cross-functional
- Not a Single DATASteward

Business,
Technical,
Operational
Accountability,
Authority,
Responsibility

Structure vs. Content

	Columns	
Rows	Cells	



Master Data Stewardship

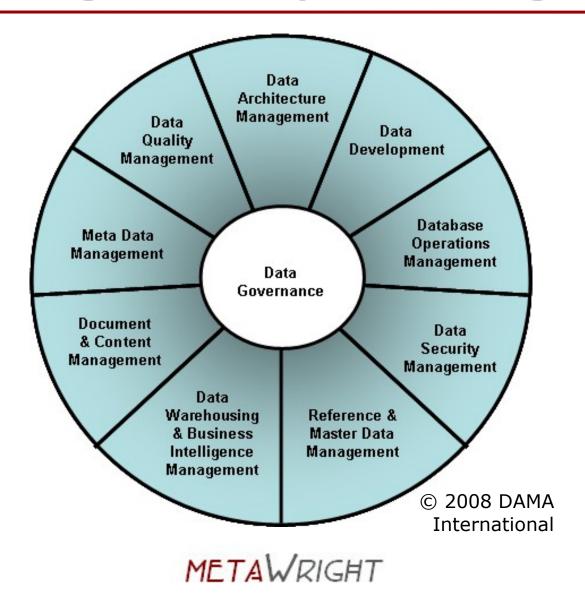
Difficult to assign, not process based

Infrastructure — cross-functional Business stewards - Content Descriptions

Technical stewards - StructureCodes and structure



Data Management Body of Knowledge



References

Managing Reference Data in Enterprise Databases:

Binding Corporate Data to the Wider World

Malcolm Chisholm - Morgan Kaufmann

The Data Model Resource Book: A Library of Universal

Data Models for All Enterprises (VOL. 1,2)

Len Silverston - John Wiley & Sons

The Data Model Resource Book: Universal Patterns for

Data Modeling

Len Silverston - John Wiley & Sons

Master Data Management & Customer Data Integration for a Global Enterprise

Alex Berson & Larry Dubov - McGraw Hill





Thank You!

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